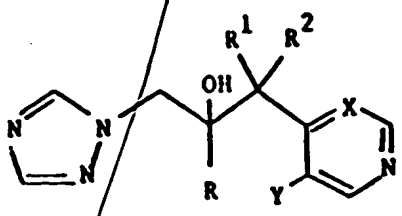
CLAIMS

1. A compound of the formula:-



--- (I)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R is phenyl substituted by 1 to 3 substituents each independently selected from halo, $-CF_3$ and $-OCF_3$;

R^1 is C_1-C_4 alkyl;

R^2 is H or C_1-C_4 alkyl;

X is CH or N; and

Y is F or Cl.

2. A compound of claim 1, wherein R is phenyl substituted by 1 or 2 substituents each independently selected from fluoro and chloro.

3. A compound of claim 2, wherein R is 2-fluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl or 2,4-dichlorophenyl.

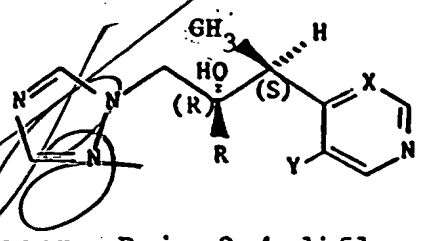
4. A compound of claim 3, wherein R^1 is methyl.

5. A compound of claim 4, wherein R^2 is hydrogen or methyl.

6. The compound of claim 5, wherein R^2 is hydrogen, R is 2,4-difluorophenyl, X is N and Y is fluoro.

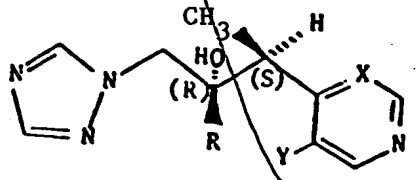
7. The compound of claim 5, wherein R^2 is hydrogen, R is 2,4-difluorophenyl, X is CH and Y is fluoro.

8. The compound of claim 5, of the formula



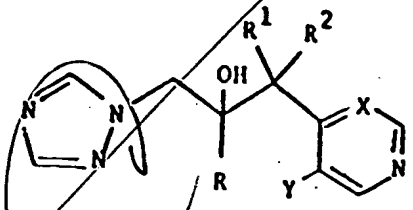
where R^2 is hydrogen, R is 2,4-difluorophenyl, ~~X is N~~ and Y is fluoro.

9. The compound of claim 5, of the formula



wherein R^2 is hydrogen, R is 2,4-difluorophenyl, X is CH and Y is fluoro.

10. A method of treating a fungal infection in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an antifungal effective amount of a compound of the formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R is phenyl substituted by 1 ~~to 3~~ or 2 substituents each independently selected from halo, ~~$-CF_3$ and $-OCF_3$~~ and CF_3;

R^1 is C_1-C_4 alkyl;

R^2 is H or C_1-C_4 alkyl; ~~X is CH or N~~; X is N and Y is F or Cl.

11. A method of claim 10, wherein R is phenyl substituted by 1 or 2 substituents each independently selected from fluoro and chloro.

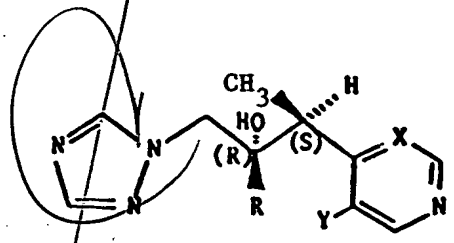
12. A method of claim 11, wherein R is 2-fluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl or 2,4-dichlorophenyl.

13. A method of claim 12, wherein R^1 is methyl.

14. A method of claim 13, wherein R^2 is hydrogen or methyl.

15. A method of claim 14, wherein R^2 is hydrogen, R is 2,4-difluorophenyl, ~~X is N or CH~~ and Y is fluoro.

16. A method of claim 14, wherein the compound has the formula



wherein R is 2,4-difluorophenyl, ~~X is N or CH~~ and Y is fluoro.

17. A method of claim 16, wherein the fungal infection is caused by the Aspergillus sp fungi.

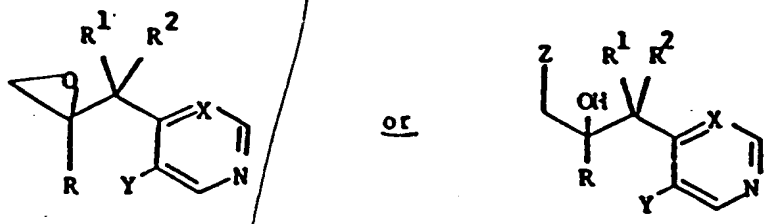
18. A method of claim ~~17,~~ wherein the Aspergillus sp fungi is Aspergillus fumigatus.

19. A pharmaceutical composition ~~in unit dosage form~~ for treating a fungal infection in a human which comprises a compound according to claim 1, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

20. A pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, wherein the compound according to claim 1 is complexed with a hydroxyalkyl derivative of a cyclodextrin.

21. A pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein the hydroxyalkyl derivative is a hydroxypropyl derivative and the cyclodextrin is alpha- or beta-cyclodextrin.

22. A compound of the formula



wherein R is phenyl substituted by 1 to 3 substituents each independently selected from halo, $-CF_3$ or $-OCF_3$;

R^1 is C_1-C_4 alkyl;

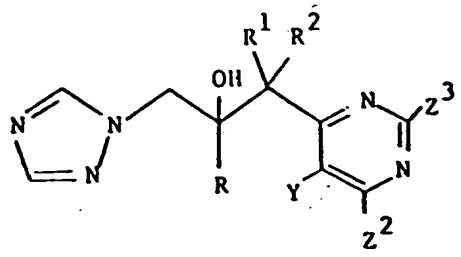
R^2 is H or C_1-C_4 alkyl;

X is CH or N;

Y is Cl or F; and

Z is chloro, bromo or C_1-C_4 alkylsulfonyloxy.

23. A compound of the formula



wherein R is phenyl substituted by 1 to 3 substituents each independently selected from halo, $-CF_3$ and $-OCF_3$;

R^1 is C_1-C_4 alkyl;

R^2 is H or C_1-C_4 alkyl;

Y is F or Cl; and

Z^2 and Z^3 are each independently selected from H and a group that may be selectively removed by reduction, with the proviso that Z^2 and Z^3 cannot both be H.

24. A compound in claim 23 wherein the group that may be selectively removed by reduction is halo.

25. A compound in claim 24 wherein Z^2 is chloro and Z^3 is H.

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